

POWER METER

Portable optical power meter is an accurate and durable handheld meter designed for the installation, operation and maintenance of optical fibre network. It is a compact device with backlight switch and auto power on-off ability. Besides, it provides ultra-wide measurement range, high accuracy, user self-calibration function and universal port. In addition, it displays linear indicators (mW) and non-linear indicators (dBm) in one screen at the same time.



Features

- Self calibration by user himself
- Rechargeable lithium battery supports continuous work for up to 48 hours.
- Linear indicators (mW) and non-linear indicators (dBm) display in one screen
- Unique FC/SC/ST universal port (see Figures 1, 2), no complex conversion
- Optional auto power-off ability
- Backlight ON/OFF



LC CONVERTER



Specification

Model	ARS2134	ARS2135
Measurement range	-70~+10	-50 ~+26
Type of probe	InGaAs	
Range of wave length	800~1700	
Uncertainty	±5%	
Standard wave length (nm)r	850~980~1300~1310~1490~1550	
Resolution	Linear indication: 0.1% Logarithmic indication: 0.01dBm	
Working temperature (°C)	-10~+60	
Storage temperature (°C)	-25~+70	
Auto power-off time (min)	At least 48 hours	
Dimensions (mm)	190×100×48	
Power supply	lithium battery	
Weight(g)	400	
Size / Weight	Contents: Bag, Powermeter, battery not included.	

1. Range of wave length: a standard working wave length that we specified: λ_{\min} – λ_{\max} , the optical power meter within this range can work well with all indicators meeting requirements.
2. Measurement range: the maximum power that the meter can measure as per required indicators.
3. Uncertainty: the error between the test results and standard test results over a popular optical power.



Function descriptions

1- LCD

It displays the optical power measurement results in forms of dB, dBm, mW, uW, nW; the set wave length is 850nm , 980 nm, 1300 nm, 1310 nm, 1490 nm, 1550 nm, etc.

2- ON/OFF

To power on the meter, press and hold ON/OFF till information appears in LCD; while in power-on state, press the key to power off the meter.

3- dB

Measure relative optical power under preset wave length.

4- ZERO

Press this key to zero the optical power meter.

5- λ

Press λ key to select wave length, there are six wave length, i.e.: 850nm , 980 nm, 1300 nm, 1310 nm, 1490 nm, 1550 nm for your choice, their values will appear in LCD respectively.

6- LIGHT

Press this key to turn on/off the back light of LCD.

7- AUTOOFF

Press this key to enable or disable AUTOOFF function of the meter.

Operating Instructions

Power ON/OFF

1- Press and hold ON/OFF on the panel till information appears in LCD.

2- Press ON/OFF on the panel, information disappears from LCD, the meter is powered off.

Measure absolute optical power

1- Power on the optical power meter.

2- Set wavelength to be measured, press λ key to select wave length, the default wavelength will be 1310nm.

3- Connect in the light to be measured, the values that screen shows are current measurement results, including linear and non-linear power value

Measure relative optical power

1- Set wavelength to be measured.

2- Connect in the light to be measured while in absolute measurement mode, get current power value.

3- Press db key, current optical power value will become current reference value (in unit of dBm).

4- Connect in another light to be measured, the absolute optical power value and relative optical power value of current light will appear in the screen.

10 minutes' auto off

Press AUTOOFF to enable AUTO OFF function, the icon “OFF” will appear on the left top of the screen, then the meter will automatically turn off if there are no operations within 10 minutes.

LED backlight ON/OFF

While in working mode, press LIGHT to turn on backlight, the symbol “a little sun” will appear on the left top of the screen indicating backlight is on.

Maintenance

1. Regularly clean the end of sensor, keep it free of grease, dirt. Don't use dirty, non-standard connector, don't insert in the end in poor polishing conditions, otherwise the sensor's end may be damaged, otherwise the performance of entire system may degrade.
2. Use only one adapter if possible.
3. If you are not going to use the tester for the time, cover the dust-proof cap immediately to keep the end clean. Long-time exposure in air may gather dust therefore influencing measurement accuracy.
4. Plug and unplug the adapter with care, don't leave any scratches on the ports.
5. Regularly clean the surface of sensor, when cleaning the sensor, please gently wipe the surface using cotton swab by circling the perimeter.

Warranty

No parts of the product can be repaired by user himself.

1. Warranty period: 18 months since the date of shipment. If any product defect within the above said period, we will repair or replace the defective product, however, in no events we will bear responsibilities in excess of the product's sales price.
2. If any fault occurs during usage, user can first solve them according to above trouble-shooting instructions, however, if such efforts fail, the user shall not open the cabinet of the product by himself, he should contact our market department or local dealers.
3. For any quality problem arising of production defect, the manufacturer will repair or replace the defective product free of charge, however, any damage caused by improper-operation or good product will not be covered by the above warranty.

Notwithstanding the foregoing terms, any problem/fault caused for the following reasons are not included warranty.

1. The product has been repaired or modified without the authorization of the manufacturer
2. The problem or fault arising of improper use, negligence or incidence.

The product is accompanied by a Warranty Registration Card, please complete it and send it back to us together with a photocopy of the invoice, they will be used as the voucher for any maintenance, technical update or calibration that we may make in the future.

Appendix: measurement of optical fibre loss

Step 1 Set reference value

Power on optical power meter, press  key to select a proper working wave length.

Turn on light source (emitter), select a proper wave length and keep it steady (it may take 1-2 minutes).

Select a optical fibre jumper to connect light source, we call it emitter jumper, clean the connector of emitter jumper. Note the optical fibre that the emitter jumper uses must be identical the optical fibre that the optical link to be tested uses.

Connect light source (emitter) with the optical power meter using emitter jumper.

Current optical power value is measured.

Notice: the power value that we get now should be approximate to the preset value of the light source (emitter), if the bias is too great, please carefully clean all connection terminals or replace the emitter jumper.

Press dB key, the moment dB reading is 0.00, and set the power measurement result as reference value.

Notice: after you zero the meter, the number of digits after the decimal point may change a little, this is not an indicator of fault.

Step 2 Measure loss of optical fibre link

Make the emitter jumper and light source (emitter) continuously connected.

Connect the light source (emitter) with the optical fibre link to be measured.

Notice: clean all connection terminals including necessary optical fibre adapter.

The reading appearing in the screen now is the loss of the measured optical fibre link, its unit is dB (current absolute power value is displayed in dBm form at the same time).